



HAPPINESS CANNOT BE FAR BEHIND
A GRATEFUL HEART AND A PEACEFUL MIND

Good Evening!



Health care delivery

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CONTENTS

- Introduction
- Levels of health care in India
- Health system administration in India
- Health care sectors in India
- Primary health care
- Conclusions



INTRODUCTION



- WHO (2000) – defined ‘Health systems’ as comprising all the organisations, institutions and resources that are devoted to producing health actions.
- Health action is defined as any effort, whether in personal health care, public health services or through inter-sectoral initiatives, whose primary purpose is to improve health.

What constitutes a health system?

- It consists of formal health services, including –
 - Professional delivery of personal medical attention
 - Actions by traditional healers
 - Use of medication, whether prescribed by a provider or not
 - Home care of the sick
 - Traditional public health activities such as health promotion and disease prevention
 - Other health enhancing interventions like road and environmental safety improvement.



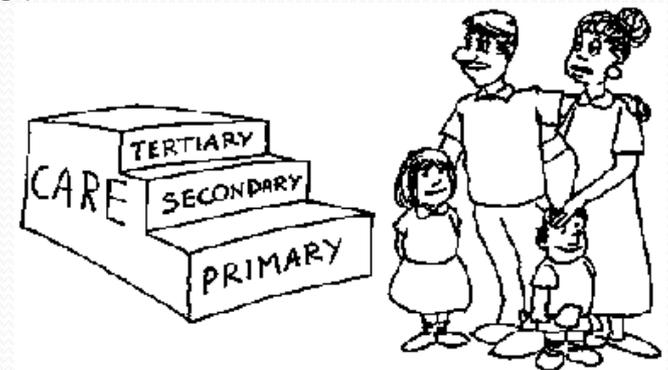
LEVELS OF HEALTH CARE IN INDIA

- **Primary care level –**

- First level of contact with the national health system where primary or essential health care is provided.
- It is provided through health guides and trained dais by primary health centers and sub-centers.

- **Secondary care level –**

- It deals with more complex problems.
- It is provided by community health centers and district hospitals.



- **Tertiary care level –**
 - It is a more specialised level and requires special facilities.
 - It is provided by regional or central level institutions like medical college hospitals, all India institutes, regional hospitals, specialized hospitals and other apex institutions.
- Fundamental function of a health care system is to provide a sound referral system which must be a two-way exchange of information and returning patients to those who referred them for follow-up care.



HEALTH SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

- Central government – policy making, planning, guiding, assisting, evaluating and coordinating the work of the State.
- The States have developed their own system of health care delivery.
- There are three main tiers of the health system in India:
 1. Centre
 2. State
 3. District



THE 3 MAIN TIERS OF THE HEALTH SYSTEM IN INDIA

CENTRE	STATE	DISTRICT
Ministry of health and family welfare	State ministry of health	Sub-division
Directorate general of health services	State health directorate	Tehsils (Talukas)
Central council of health and family welfare		Community development blocks
		Municipalities and corporations
		Villages - Panchayats

HEALTH CARE SECTORS IN INDIA

Public health sector

- Primary health care
 - Village level workers
 - Sub-centers
 - Primary health centers
- Hospitals/Health centers
 - Community health centers
 - Rural hospitals
 - District hospital/health center
 - Specialist hospitals
 - Teaching hospitals
- Health Insurances schemes
 - Employees state insurance
 - Central Govt. Health Scheme
 - Universal Health Insurance Scheme (UHS)
- Other agencies
 - Defence services
 - Railways

Private Sector

- Private Hospitals, polyclinics, Nursing homes and Dispensaries.
- General practitioners and clinics

Indigenous system of Medicine

Ayurveda, Unani, Siddha and Homeopathy (AYUSH)

Voluntary Health Agencies

National Health Programs

- **Village level workers –**

- a. Village health guide schemes
- b. Local dais
- c. Anganwadi worker (ICDS scheme)
- d. Accredited Social Health Activist (ASHA)

- **Sub-center level –**

- A sub-health center or sub-center is the most peripheral and first contact point between the primary health care system and the community.
- One sub-center is established for every 5000 population in plains and 3000 population in hilly/tribal/desert areas.



- **Primary health center –**

- Bhore committee in 1945 gave the concept of a primary health center as a basic health unit to provide as close to the people as possible, an integrated curative and preventive health care to the rural population with emphasis on preventive and promotive aspects of health care.
- It covers 20,000 population in hilly, tribal or difficult areas and 30,000 population in plains.

- **Community health center –**



- It constitutes the first referral unit and provides referral healthcare for cases from the primary level.
- Four PHCs are included under each CHC.
- It caters to 80,000 population in hilly/tribal areas and 1,20,000 in plain areas.
- It is a 30-bedded hospital providing specialist care in Medicine, Obstetrics and Gynaecology, Surgery and Paediatrics.

PRIMARY HEALTH CARE

- Joint WHO-UNICEF International Conference at Alma Ata, USSR, on 12th September 1978
- This conference called for acceptance of the WHO goal of Health for All by 2000 AD and proclaimed primary healthcare as a way to achieving Health for All.

Community-based Primary Healthcare

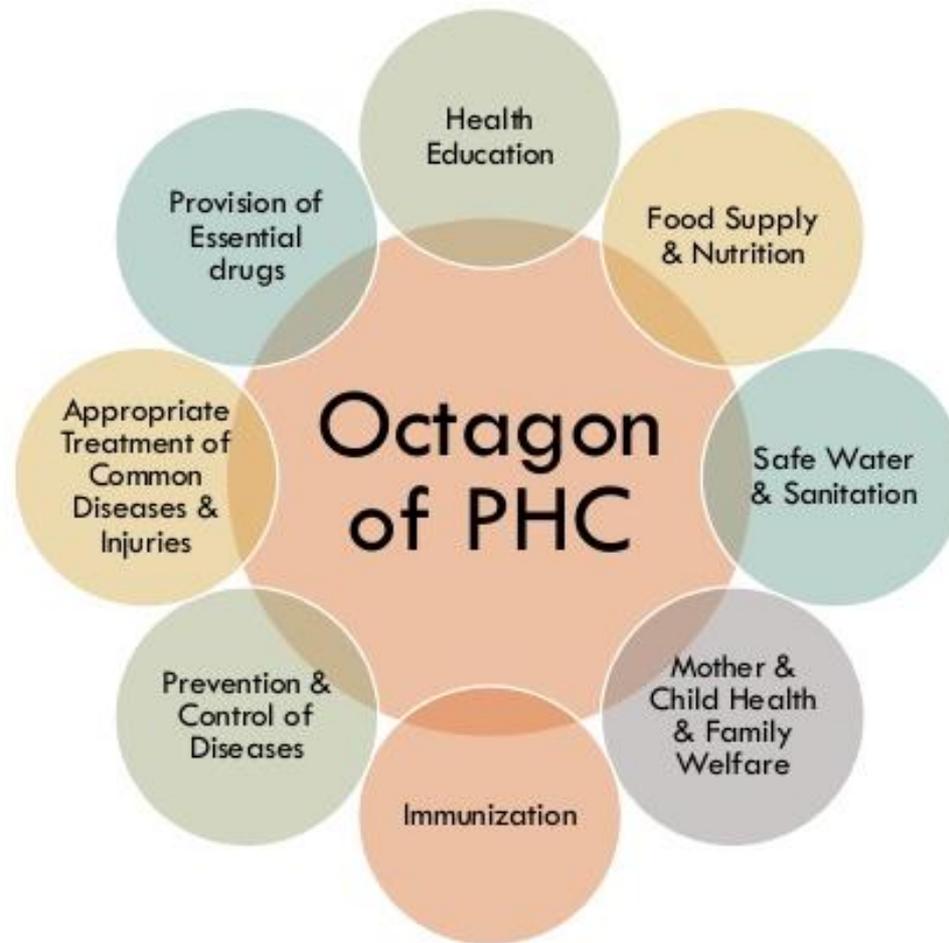
The key to unlocking health for all

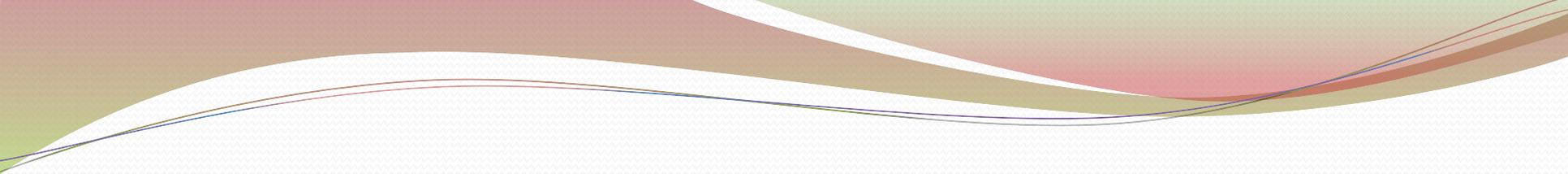


- It is the first level of contact of individuals, the family and the community with the national health system where essential healthcare is provided.

- **Definition –**

Essential health care based on practical, scientifically sound and socially acceptable methods and technology made universally accessible to individuals and families in the community through their full participation and at a cost that the community and the country can afford to maintain at every stage of their development in the spirit of self-determination.





- **Principles of Primary Health Care –**

1. Equitable distribution
2. Community participation
3. Intersectoral coordination (multi sectoral approach)
4. Appropriate technology
5. Focus on prevention

CONCLUSIONS

- India being a welfare state, health system is regulated by the state by taking a leading role in providing health services to its people.
- From the time of independence a continuous effort is being made for the development of health sector, considering health as a human right, steps are taken to make health reachable to each and every one.
- Although there have been significant advances in the healthcare system in India, still they remain ineffective in providing basic minimum care as promised in the Indian Constitution.



Thank You!